





Workplace Safety

This activity was created to be used primarily with:

22. Workplace Safety

Secondary skills include:

- 2. Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- 3. Initiative and Self-Direction
- 4. Integrity
- 5. Work Ethic
- 11. Big-Picture Thinking
- 12. Career and Life Management
- 13. Continuous Learning and Adaptability
- 14. Efficiency and Productivity
- 15. Information Literacy
- 18. Job-Specific Tools and Technologies
- 20. Professionalism
- 21. Reading and Writing

1. Teacher will define the Workplace Safety skill as:

- adhering to Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards and instructor and manufacturer guidelines
 - interpreting safety data sheets (SDS): includes information such as the properties of each chemical; the physical, health, and environmental health hazards; protective measures; and safety precautions for handling, storing, and transporting the chemical. It provides guidance for each specific chemical on things such as: Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to be worn when using; first aid procedures should a human accident occur; and spill clean-up procedures. These are required by industries that use chemicals in their processes.
 - identifying and using personal protective equipment (PPE): required clothing, helmets, gloves, face shields, goggles, facemasks and/or respirators or other equipment designed to protect the wearer from injury or the spread of infection or illness.
 - maintaining universal precautions (i.e., to protect against bloodborne pathogens): an approach to infection control to treat all human blood and certain human body fluids as if they were known to be infectious for HIV, HBV and other bloodborne pathogens.





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- identifying risks and hazards in the workplace: falls and falling objects, chemical exposure, fire hazards, electrical hazards, repetitive motion injury, stressful/strenuous situations, and impaired, fatigued, or violent personnel.
- following emergency protocols (e.g., evacuation routes): in case of natural emergencies or workplace accidents or fires, and active shooters.
- 2. Teacher will present various strategies students could use to improve their personal safety in the workplace based on the program you teach (go over this with students):

Discussion: Ask students to list and discuss ways in which they can take responsibility for workplace safety

Note: In addition to the safety precautions and components listed in the skill definition, have students focus on the **personal responsibility** they need to take rather than relying on the employer or government responsibility to police and enforce workplace safety.

- Personal responsibility in workplace safety topics might include:
- How to address safety concerns, when it might be time to elevate the concern to management or decide to handle with initiative
- The integrity and honesty issue that arises if the individual should cause a safety issue
- Drug and alcohol use, even away from the job
- Fatigue, poor physical condition, poor mental state, interpersonal conflict
- The effects of job stress and PTSD.
- 3. Ask students to answer the following question: What should you do if there is a dangerous situation at work?

Additional resources:

OSHA Worker Rights and Protections: https://www.osha.gov/workers/

How to Read a Safety Data Sheet (SDS): https://hsi.com/resources/how-to-read-a-safety-data-sheet-sds

Posttraumatic Stress Disorder form the American Psychiatric Association Center for Workplace Mental Health: https://www.workplacementalhealth.org/mental-health-topics/posttraumatic-stress-disorder